

The Watchman and Southron.

THE SUMTER WATCHMAN, Established April, 1870.

"Be Just and Fear not—Let all the ends Thou Aims't at be thy Country's, Thy God's and Truth's."

THE TRUE SOUTHRON, Established June, 1886.

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THE LATE WAR BULLETINS

The Germans Hold Brussels and Advance on Antwerp.

Campaign in Northern Belgium Appears to be Complete Success for German Army—French Mountain Success in Alsace, and Allied Armies Hold French and Belgian Frontier Against Germans.

A Strategic Trap.
Paris, Aug. 21.—The fall of Brussels without a shot being fired in defense is explained today by the French war office as a strategic move that caught the Germans in a trap. It is stated that the forts at Liege and Namur are still held by the Belgians.

The Fall of Cattaro.
Cettinje, Aug. 21.—The bombardment of Austrian forts on the Gulf of Cattaro by the French warships and Montenegrin artillery was continued today. The fall of Cattaro is believed to be imminent.

Portugal to Send Troops.
Paris, Aug. 21.—It is reported that forty thousand Portuguese soldiers are going to England. The reservists have been called to the colors in Portugal to replace them.

Triest Will Surrender.
London, Aug. 21.—A dispatch from Venice says the raid of French and British warships in the Adriatic sea caused an indescribable panic in Trieste. The people are leaving rapidly. A train is held ready to take the governor and officials away as soon as the hostile fleet appears before the city, leaving the mayor to surrender. All soldiers on the Adriatic coast have been sent westward to aid in the attack on France.

Tarantula Held Up.
Boston, Aug. 21.—The steam yacht Tarantula which was sold by Vanderbilt to a citizen of Montreal, who, in turn, intended to turn it over to Canada for a scout cruiser, has been held up by a revenue cutter. It is explained that the departure of the yacht would be a violation of neutrality and could not be allowed.

All Called to Arms.
London, Aug. 21.—The Austrian government has issued a final call to arms of all able-bodied men between the ages of 21 and 42. This will raise about four hundred and fifty thousand additional soldiers.

Advancing on Antwerp.
Ghent, Belgium, Aug. 21.—Brussels, the capital of Belgium, is now occupied by the Germans. King Albert arrived at Antwerp today, where the government is established. The Belgians are gathering for a final stand at Antwerp. The Germans are reported to have occupied Mechlin, 15 miles from Antwerp, and Aerschot, after fierce fighting. A thousand cattle and sheep have been driven into the city quartered in the parks.

Japan Ready for War.
Tokio, Aug. 21.—A strict censorship over all Japan was ordered today. Preparations for war with Germany are being rushed. Germany has made no reply to the Japanese ultimatum. The newspapers publish emphatic denials of the report that Japan will seek to acquire the Philippines or Samoa.

French Checked at Lorraine.
Paris, Aug. 21.—The war office admitted today that the French forces invading Lorraine have been forced by the Germans to fall back to the Seltz river.

ATTACK ON NAMUR RESUMED.
Germans Concentrate on Both Sides Meuse
Paris, Aug. 21.—It was officially announced this afternoon that the Germans on both sides of the Meuse river near Huy are engaged in a concentration movement. The attack on Namur was resumed with renewed vigor. The German siege guns have been placed in new positions.

Austrians Suffer Defeat.
Rome, Aug. 21.—Montenegrins have defeated the Austrians at Gravah after fighting all day. Two hundred prisoners were taken in the battle.

At Walls of Antwerp.
Antwerp, Aug. 21.—The German cavalry is moving outward a few miles outside this city. Communication

with the outside world will probably soon be severed. A steamer is held ready to take the queen and children to Holland or England if the city is attacked. The house deputies are meeting in the Flemish opera house, and the senate in the Dutch theatre. Antwerp is strongly fortified with the northernmost forts less than a mile and a half from the Dutch line.

War Insurance Bill Passed.
Washington, Aug. 21.—The senate passed the war insurance bill today.

Brussels Cut Off.
London, Aug. 21.—All communication with Brussels is interrupted. Germany is now occupying all of Belgium except the country from Antwerp south to the Meuse river, and eastward to Namur.

Food Scarce in Holland.
Amsterdam, Aug. 21.—The Holland government advises the people to practice the strictest economy as provisions but for sixteen days are now available in Holland.

Stay Law in Germany.
Copenhagen, Aug. 21.—Germany has declared a moratorium for three months.

Victories for Allies.
St. Petersburg, Aug. 21.—The Russian forces after two days hard battle have entered the city of Lyck in Corasda and the fall of Vishegrad is imminent.

COTTON SEED MEN MAY GO.
Ransdell Wants Them at Monday Conference.

Washington, Aug. 21.—Believing that the cottonseed and oil industry should be represented at the conference that is to be held here next Monday before Secretary McAdoo, Senator Ransdell of Louisiana, who has been a leading figure in trying to keep the price of cotton up in the present European crisis, today conferred with Mr. McAdoo relative to the matter. It is understood that if this is done next Monday's conference will bring together not only many of the leading bankers and leaders in cotton growing, but also some of the seed and oil men. It is likely that B. F. Taylor of Columbia, president of the Cotton Seed Crushers' association, will be among those invited to be present at the conference.

It is recognized that the seed and oil features of cotton growing is an important one and anything that affects cotton production naturally has a bearing on seed and oil.

FUNERAL OF POPE PIUS.
Body Lying in State in St. Peter's Cathedral

Rome, Aug. 21.—Clad in gorgeous pontifical vestments, the body of Pope Pius was borne into St. Peter's cathedral today where it lies in state until placed in his last resting place above the massive bronze door of the west wing of the vatican. He requested in his will that his body be not embalmed. He left all his property to the church, but asks his successor to give \$60 a month to his sisters. The conclave to elect the new Pope has been delayed by the war, but is expected to sit next week.

HEALTH IMPROVING.
Cansler of Tizah is Convalescing at Hospital.

Columbia, Aug. 22.—James Cansler of Tizah, candidate for railroad commissioner, who has been ill in a Columbia hospital since the second day of the State campaign, is steadily improving. Mr. Cansler said yesterday that he had received letters and messages that there was a rumor that he would not be able to serve if elected because of ill health. He said that he wished to denounce the rumor and to say if elected he would be able to fulfill the duties of the office. Mr. Cansler deeply regrets his inability to make the county to county canvass.

GARRANZA ASSUMES OFFICE.

FIRST CHIEF BECOMES PROVISIONAL PRESIDENT OF THE MEXICAN REPUBLIC.

Leader Applauded by Throngs of People as He Enters Mexico City. Thus Settling Seal of Success on Constitutional Movement Against Huerta.

Mexico City, Aug. 20.—Gen. Venustiano Carranza, supreme chief of the Mexican revolution and from today provisional president of the republic, entered the capital at noon. It is estimated that more than 150,000 persons crowded the line of march of the new president and his followers, which extended from the village of Atzacapotzalco to the National Palace, six miles. There was no disorder as Gen. Carranza and his staff passed through the cheering crowds, which showered them with flowers and confetti and from which came cries of "long live Carranza; long live the constitutional government."

The constitutional troops at dawn began forming in a double line along the entire distance over which the victorious constitutional leader was to pass. Back of the troops sightseers stood and every roof and balcony held spectators.

It was near noon when Gen. Carranza, mounted on a superb horse and accompanied by his staff and the generals of the northwest and the central and northeast division of the constitutional army, left Atzacapotzalco, escorted by a squadron of cavalry and the Fourth Sonora battalion of infantry. On reaching the city limits the column was met by the mayor and the city council of the capital, who delivered to Gen. Carranza the keys of the city.

The cavalcade then proceeded to the historic Chapultepec castle where two batteries of artillery fired a salute in honor of the new chief executive. Here the parade turned down the beautiful Paseo de la Reforma avenue which leads from the castle to the National Palace. Along this avenue were grouped hundreds of school children each carrying a bouquet and a Mexican flag. As Carranza passed they sang a hymn written for the occasion, entitled, "Union and Liberty." When the procession reached the National Palace it halted that the chief executive might receive at the hands of a delegation of workmen the flag which President Madero dropped at that very spot on the ninth of February, 1912, the date of the Huerta-Diaz uprising.

Passing down the Avenida San Francisco the crowds gave the new president a continuous ovation. This avenue leads to the historic Plaza de la Constitution, the cathedral and the national and municipal place forming its sides. Here an immense throng vociferously cheered Gen. Carranza as he passed through the main entrance of the National Palace.

A few moments after he entered President Carranza appeared on the balcony under the liberty bell and addressed the crowd promising a new era of real constitutional government. The troops then passed in review, a band of 200 pieces massed in the square meanwhile playing martial airs.

The day was a holiday and all places of business were closed.

SALES FOR GALVESTON.

Carbajal Off for the United States.

Vera Cruz, Aug. 20.—Francisco Carbajal, the ex-provisional president of Mexico, left here today for Galveston aboard the steamer Mexico. Senor Carbajal expects to remain in the United States for a considerable time. He says he intends to study the English language and will seek admission to the American bar.

The Tennis Tourney.

In the tennis tourney the defeat of Major Robertson by McCollum 2-6; 3-6, completed all but one match in the first round of the men's tennis tourney.

McCollum in turn was defeated in two straight sets by Bryan, 1-6; 2-6, this being the first match in the second round.

Brown and Brunk have played two sets in their match, each winning one set, the results being: Brunk and Brown 6-4; 3-6.

To Have Home in Bishopville.

Mr. W. M. Scott, Superintendent of the graded school, has bought Mrs. H. D. Corbett's place and will remodel for the pretty bird rumor says he is to bring there on January 1st—Bishopville Leader and Vindicator.

FOOD CONSPIRACY CHARGED.

SIX GRAND JURIES LIKELY TO RETURN INDICTMENTS.

Have Much Evidence—Department of Justice Officials Said to Have Proof Against Packers That They Raised Price by Conspiracy.

Washington, Aug. 21.—There were strong indications today that at least six grand juries in as many different localities of the country would be asked to return indictments against food dealers alleged to have raised the prices in a conspiracy to violate the Sherman anti-trust act.

Juries are almost certain to be asked for indictments in Washington, Chicago, Brooklyn and three other cities, the names of which the department at present will not reveal. In Chicago an immediate effort will be made to jail offenders.

Despite unwillingness of officials to discuss the investigations it leaked out tonight that information has been obtained concerning beef packers in Chicago which may result in prosecutions. Department of justice agents, it was said, have discovered that packers are shipping large quantities of meat across the Canadian border. At the same time meat prices are advancing. It was understood here today the packers have not taken kindly to the investigation.

The rise in the sugar price has led to renewed interest among department officials in the investigation of supposed connection between the so-called sugar trust and the beet sugar interests.

BLAMES DEPARTMENT.

Witness Blames Federal Experts' Suggestion as to Grain for Beef Shortage.

New York, Aug. 21.—The United States department of agriculture was held responsible for a beef shortage and consequent rise in meat prices by F. W. Lyman, a witness today in the Bronx county food cost investigation.

Mr. Lyman, representing Armour & Co., of Chicago, said the department of agriculture on August 1 warned farmers to hold their grain because there was a lack of shipping facilities due to the war abroad. The farmers, he declared, assumed the lack of transportation means would apply to cattle as well, and they failed to send the normal amount of beef to market.

The witness said the arrival tomorrow of the steamship Zinol with a cargo of 30,000 quarters of Argentine beef would relieve the situation to a great extent.

In Brooklyn federal and county authorities continued separate investigations. Before a United States grand jury wholesale dealers testified regarding increased grain and sugar prices blaming farmers for holding back the farm staples and on the war for preventing normal American imports of sugar.

It was understood at the federal building that testimony developed by United States Attorney Young recently probably would lead to indictments.

The county inquiry before a supreme court justice developed that large quantities of sugar have been stored in warehouses by dealers and that many companies have been asked to store sugar indefinitely.

Henry F. Cochrane, counsel for the American Sugar Refining company, said:

"We have to depend on foreign countries for our raw material and the transportation facilities that have brought it from abroad have been almost entirely destroyed. No ships are now available and the prospects for resumption of importation is problematical."

William Gardiner, a sugar expert and statistician, testified that the Cuban crop, which supplies the bulk of raw sugar used in the United States is plentiful this year and that this has been brought to this country up to the present time.

SUGAR GOES DOWN.

Quoted in Frisco at Decline of 50 Cents a Hundredweight.

San Francisco, Aug. 21.—Sugar was quoted at \$7 a hundredweight today, a reduction of 50 cents from yesterday's price.

A delightful dance was given at the tobacco warehouse last night, about eight or ten couples being present with plenty of stags to make the occasion lively. The Lyric orchestra furnished music for the occasion, making quite a hit with the dancers. The floor was covered with meal to begin with and was soon in good condition for dancing.

ONE DAY'S WAR BULLETINS

German Charge Claims Official Dispatch Reports Decisive Victory.

Information Given Out at Washington to That Effect.—Germans and Belgians in Long Range Artillery Duel—French Being Slowly, But Surely Driven Back Out of Alsace-Lorraine.

Fighting in Africa.
Johannesburg, Aug. 22.—German invaders of Bechuanaland, South Africa, were defeated by the British Wednesday.

Austrian Ship Captured.
Paris, Aug. 22.—The French cruiser Desaix has captured an Austrian ship laden with sugar and flour, and towed her into Brest.

Last Reserves Called Out.
Copenhagen, Aug. 22.—Germany has called to the colors the last reserves. Many are over sixty. This adds six hundred thousand to the army.

Servians Win Great Victory.
Rome, Aug. 22.—A dispatch from Nish says the Austrians defeated at Shabaz lost twenty thousand killed and wounded, and thousands of prisoners.

Germany Rejects Jap Ultimatum.
London, Aug. 22.—It is unofficially reported that Germany has refused to recognize the ultimatum from Japan. The Japanese fleet will take hostile action against Kiao Chau tomorrow.

Germans Control Baltic.
Amsterdam, Aug. 22.—An official dispatch from Berlin states that the Baltic sea is free from ships hostile to Germany.

Gen Le Mane Wounded.
London, Aug. 22.—An unconfirmed report has been received that Gen. Le Mane, commanding the Belgians at Liege has been wounded by the explosion of a shell.

Great Artillery Duel.
Paris, Aug. 22.—A long range duel between the German and Belgian artillery has continued at Namur since noon Friday. The city has been invested by a large force of Germans covering the advance of the main body along the river Meuse, where a strong French army is entrenched to meet the attack.

VICTORY FOR GERMANS.

Charge at Washington Announces a Message to That Effect from Berlin.

Washington, Aug. 22.—German Charge Heimhausen this afternoon announced an official message from Berlin to the effect that the Germans have won a "magnificent victory" in a battle between the Metz and Vosges mountains.

Belgian Commander Captured.
Amsterdam, Aug. 22.—A dispatch from Cologne says that Gen. Lemane, commander of the Belgian forts at Liege has been captured and is being taken to Cologne.

Driving French Back.

Paris, Aug. 22.—The Germans have taken the offensive in both Alsace and Lorraine and are pressing heavily upon the frontier. The war office admits the French troops invading Lorraine are retreating and it is reported that the vast German army, joined by the Austrians, and sweeping through Alsace, has already reached Cerney, only 5 miles from Muelhausen.

Austrians Lose Battle.

Cettinje, Aug. 22.—The Austrians again today attacked the Montenegrins at Grubovo, and were repulsed with heavy losses.

A Time of Trial.

London, Aug. 22.—Granville Fortescue, the famous war correspondent, who is in Belgium wires the Daily Telegraph today:

"I solemnly warn the people of England that this is the beginning of a time of great trial. Englishmen must be the backbone of the army of the allies. We have one corps here, but many more must come. The enemy is advancing like a tidal wave. Many lives must be sacrificed to dam the engulfing flood. A gigantic battle may begin any moment. Whatever its result, let England be ready." Fortescue traversed the Belgian and

French advance posts from Wavre to Gembloux. The contending armies are in contact now along a line fifty miles long. The Belgians, French are contesting every inch desperately, but are asking: "are the English?"

Sails.
Shanghai, Aug. 22.—The Japanese battleship as sailed to bombard Tsing Ta. Ateen thousand troops sailed for Okura to be first in the landing.

England Calls for Reservists.
New York, Aug. 22.—England has called army reserves from the United States to rally to her colors in an official statement to be issued soon.

Attack Kiao Chau Sunday.
Tokio, Aug. 22.—The afternoon papers announced today that the German ambassador will sail for America, August 26th. Japan is preparing to begin the assault on Kiao Chau at Sunday noon.

Germans Shot Burgomaster.
London, Aug. 22.—A dispatch from Amsterdam says the German troops at Aerschot shot the Burgomaster and a party of inhabitants who were under his protection.

Austrian Army Annihilated.
Rome, Aug. 22.—An entire division of the Austrian army was annihilated in a three days battle with the Servians along the river Drina, says a dispatch from Nish. The Austrians were lured into a valley, surrounded by mountains, and there enveloped and massacred. The bodies were thrown into the river and were swept by the current past the Austrian concentration camp. Twenty-five thousand were killed and wounded and ten thousand prisoners taken.

Germans Occupy Ostend.
London, Aug. 22.—The German advance reached Ostend, Belgium, today, giving them a port on the north sea, and this is a new menace to France. The Germans can now send their armies southward along the coast into French territory. Today's move shuts off the Belgian troops from the allies. If any of the allied army is on the north Belgian boundary they too have been cut off. Ostend is the gayest and most fashionable seaside resort in the world. Many refugees fled across the channel to England, crowding the boats to their utmost capacity.

Will Represent Japan.
Washington, Aug. 22.—The Japanese ambassador has asked Secretary Bryan to take care of Japanese interests in Germany in the event of war.

WRITER WOULD SERVE.

French Novelist Pines for Corporal's Stripes.

Paris, Aug. 21.—War Minister Messimy today asked George Despardes, noted French novelist, now in his 60th year, if he would write a story for the army bulletin. "I will give you a story," Mr. Despardes replied, "if you will give me back my corporal's stripes and send me to the front."

The minister objected and said it was impossible.

WOULD NOMINATE JENNINGS.

Conway Field Would Like to See Jennings Succeed Tillman.

That Mayor L. D. Jennings had made an impression in his itinerary throughout the State during his race for the United States senate and his fight on Bleasism is abundantly proven by the fine receptions which he had from voters in almost every place he has spoken. In order to be in the lead the Conway Field has already nominated Mr. Jennings to succeed Senator Tillman, who has announced that he will not run to succeed himself. The Field says: "Since Tillman has announced that he will not offer for re-election to the United States senate four years hence, we nominate Mr. L. D. Jennings of Sumter to succeed him." Conway Field.